## IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend paragraph number [0023] as follows:

[0023] To more fully understand the present invention in the context of the prior art, a brief description of a transfer apparatus and method for forming a plastic package about a LOC die assembly is provided. The term "transfer" molding "transfer molding" is descriptive of this process as the molding compound, once melted, is transferred under pressure to a plurality of remotely-located mold cavities containing semiconductor device assemblies to be encapsulated.

Please amend paragraph number [0027] as follows:

[0027] In operation, a heated pellet of resin mold compound 30 is disposed beneath ram or plunger 32 in pot 34. The plunger descends, melting the pellet and forcing the melted encapsulant down through sprue 36 and into primary runner 38, from and through the mold cavities 44 through the short side thereof flowing across the semiconductor device assemblies 100, wherein semiconductor device assemblies 100 comprising semiconductor devices 102 with attached lead frames 104 are disposed (usually in strips so that a strip of six lead frames, for example, would be cut and placed in and across the six cavities 44 shown in FIG. 3). Air in the runners 42 runners 38 (see FIG. 3) and 40 and mold cavities 44 is vented to the atmosphere through vents 46 and 48. At the end of the molding operation, the encapsulant is "packed" by application of a high pressure to eliminate voids and reduce non-uniformities of the encapsulant in the mold cavities 44. After molding, the encapsulated semiconductor device assemblies 100 are ejected from the cavities 44 by ejector pins 50, after which they are post-cured at an elevated temperature to complete cross-linking of the resin, followed by other operations as known in the art and set forth in FIG. 1, by way of example. It will be appreciated that other transfer molding apparatus configurations, as well as variations in the details of the described method are known in the art. However, none of such are pertinent to the invention, and so will not be discussed herein.

Please amend paragraph number [0029] as follows:

[0029] FIGs. 4A and 4B show two mold cavity encapsulant flow scenarios where, respectively, the lower flow front 110 and the upper flow front 108 lead the overall encapsulant flow front 106 in the cavity 44 containing the semiconductor device assembly 100. FIG. 4C depicts the advance of a flow front 106 from above, before and after a-die-device 102 is encountered, the flow being depicted as time-separated instantaneous flow fronts 106a, 106b, 106c, 106d, 106e, and 106f. As the encapsulant flow front advances and the mold operation is completed by packing the cavities, encapsulant pressure in substantially all portions of the cavities reaches hydrostatic pressure.